

The End of Smoking? Innovation, Harm Reduction, and the Latvian Challenge

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Europe can end smoking

EU revising Tobacco Products Directive (TPD) & Tobacco Excise Directive (TED)

These reviews will shape tobacco policy for the next decade

EPIC message: End smoking through safer alternatives, not bans or heavy taxes





Economic Impact

Tobacco & nicotine sector = €215-223B GDP, 2.1M jobs, €111B in taxes.

Over-regulation → shift to illicit market, job & revenue loss.

EPIC forecast: -€243B wages & -€454B tax over 30 years if unchanged.



ECONOMIC IMPACT OF TOBACCO IN EUROPE



10.9%

higher than telecontriunications sector
(C150.5 billion) and textile industry (C71.5trillion) combined

E224 BILLION TO GDP

CONTRIBUTION TO GDP

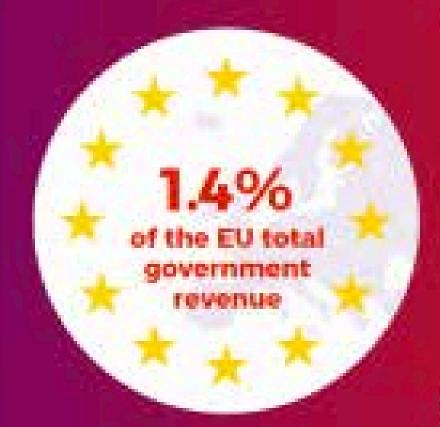
Contribution equivalent to 4.7 days of Europe GDP. By April, the industry already contributed more to GDP than the mining sector does in a year (€67.6 billion).

TAXES

Total revenue: €112.9 billion

- Excise duties: €83.3 billion
- VAT on tobacco: €29.6 billion

Without these taxes, the plastic levy would need to rise from €0.80 to €12.6 per kg.



Tobacco tax revenues cover:

- Waste management (€56.9 billion), fire protection services (€37.8 billion), and prison costs (€24.6 billion) combined
- 55.4% of total defense spending

Funds 5.3 days of total government spending

EMPLOYMENT

The tobacco value chain generates 2,124,309 jobs, representing 1.1% of total employment in the EU.

The tobacco industry employs as many people as the entire population of Vienna (2.1 million).



1.1% of total employment in the EU



2,124,309 jobs in the tobacco €60.7

BILLION

ANNUAL

Average salary among direct workers: €41,000/year

The tobacco

industry's average gross salary in the industry is 5% higher than the European average salary



Labor productivity among direct workers (excluding the value chain): 95.3



Labor productivity among direct workers compared with national average: 1.9

SALES

€333.4 billion in annual



€620,000 in the value chain for every €1 million in

direct sales

Tobacco and its value chain in the EU generate €333.4 billion in annual sales. Every million euros in direct sales generates an additional €620,000 in value chain activity.

ILLICIT TRADE

INTERNATIONAL

RETAIL

35.2 billion illicit cigarettes per year (8.3% of the total)

Vape illicit imports from China could be worth more than 10 billion Euros

Tax loss: €11.6 billion/year

This amount could help EU governments to increase their spending on healthcare research by 52.5%

Tobacco exports: €23.7 billion/Year

Tobacco exports exceed sugar exports by 28% (€18.5 billion)

3 times higher than that of clocks, watches, and their parts (€8.9 billion)

684,600 shops selling tobacco products in total

Employing 541,000 people and 7.1 billion in wages in the tobacco retail sector





- Planned +15% annual excise rise (2026–2028).
- Flavour ban δ low nicotine caps = legal market collapse.
- Illegal trade expanding; smokers lose safer options.
- Latvia can lead by using risk-based taxation δ regulation.





Contribution to GDP

€711 Million

Contribution to national GDP¹ 1.8 %

Of national GDP¹

6.6 Days

Of national GDP sustained by tobacco¹

Tobacco contributes more to GDP than the combined telecommunications and insurance sectors (€702 million).

In 3 months, tobacco contributes more to GDP than the combined chemical products manufacturing and basic metals manufacturing sectors do in a year (€157 million).

*Tobacco and its value chain





Taxes

€379 Million

Tobacco total tax revenue (Excise and VAT) 2.3 %

Of gavernment revenue

€267 Million

Excise tax revenue

€112 Million

VAT

- * Tobacco tax revenue funds more than 8 days of government spending.
- ★ Tobacco tax revenue amounts to 32% of the government's defense spending (€1.2 billion).
- ★ Tobacco tax revenue exceeds the combined government spending on judicial system and unemployment benefits (€360 million).





Employment

1.7 %

Of the national employment¹ 14,200

Jobs in the tobacco value chain

€50,000

Value added per employee¹ Tobacco-related employment nearly matches employment in the combined insurance and financial services sectors (14,600 jobs). The tobacco sector employs more people than the entire population of Kuldiga (13,300).





Wages

€206.5 Million

In wages¹

The tobacco sector pays 21% more in total wages than the fabricated metal products manufacturing sector (€171 million).



Retail and wholesale trade

5,800

Retail and wholesale stores selling tobacco 3,130

Full-time equivalent jobs in retail and wholesale supported by tobacco 2.5 %

Of retail and wholesale employment supported by tobacco

Employment in retail and wholesale supported by tobacco exceeds employment in the entire dairy products manufacturing sector (3,080 jobs).





Illicit trade

18.0 %

Blicit cigarettes in total consumption 1.1 %

Non-domestic legal cigarettes in total consumption 1 in 5

Cigarettes is not taxed domestically

€67 Million

In tax revenue lost from Biolt cigarettes €4 Million

In tax revenue lost from non-domestic legal cigarettes €71 Million

In tax total revenue lost from untaxed digarettes

63 %

High e-cigarettes in total consumption The amount lost from untaxed digenettes nearly matches the combined public spending on housing and broadcasting and publishing services (671 million).

2024 dans



A Pragmatic Way Forward



Apply harm reduction in national & EU rules.



Differentiate taxes by product risk.



Support SMEs & innovation in regulated nicotine sector.





Keep fiscal stability + public health progress.



Follow Sweden's successful model.



Why Harm Reduction Works



Not all nicotine products have equal risk.

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{O2} & \text{Heated tobacco } \delta \\ & \text{pouches far safer than} \\ & \text{cigarettes.} \end{array}$

O3 Sweden, Japan, UK: proof that harm reduction lowers smoking rates.

Need harm-adjusted taxation linking risk, health, and fiscal goals.



Closing Messages

Choice for Europe & Latvia: prohibition vs innovation.



Smart regulation saves lives, protects jobs, and curbs illicit markets.



"The end of smoking is possible — if Europe replaces ideology with innovation."



Thank you

